THE DAILY GAZETTE.

V... COLORADO SPRINGS, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1880 Price, Five Cents

...GRAPHIC

...T FROM MAINE.

...laine's Summary of
...the Result.

...ction by a Small Ma-
...ity, Claimed.

...Still Assert the Suc-
...s of Plaisted.

...on the Issue of the
...Campaign.

...OLORADO.

...led by the Cars.

...ptember 17.—A fatal accident
... station of River Bend, on the
... railway about 1 o'clock this
... No. 11 had reached the sta-
...t, and was waiting for time.
...pulled out a brakeman named
...l from the caboose to the en-
...the train. Between the tenth
...s from the caboose, he fell to
...n cars passed over his body.
... was cut in two and terribly

...e, who was in charge of the
...d that he would bring the body
...ere orders from relatives or
... of the remains would probably
...rlock was a young man and had
...oy of the division but ten days.

...tterson's Address.

...ember 17.—A News Kokomo
... Hon. T. M. Patterson ad-
...audience there to-night on the
...f the day.

...ERAL NEWS.

...Election in Maine.

...NS NOT DOCTORED.

...tember 17. The Times Port
...s of Barnum's accusations,
...ubtedly much money spent on
...s to the alleged doctoring of
...Times correspondent takes no
...e county now being heard
...y greenback and not democrat-
... the republicans have discussed
...tion very fully there and with
... The greenback vote in large
...ler towns in the more settled
...ta'e has fallen off very con-
...ere is no reason why in the na-
...e back woodsmen should not
...ple act by their more favored
... Certain it is that if doctoring
...be brought to light. Had it
...at this was to take place Blaine
...s of the party would not have
... giving up the state on Mon-
...F.

...ED BY 400 MAJORITY.

...e sent the following telegram

AUGUSTA, September 17.
...rshal Jewett, chairman of the
...ional committee, New York:
...plete returns with the excep-
...tant plantations, and I give
...f the result:
...ion of 1879 the republicans
...tes of a majority. This year
... gain in twelve counties, held
... counties and in two other
...e made slight losses. Our net
...e sixteen counties is reckoned
...num with a possible maximum
...g Gov. Davis' re election a
...er to be denied by his oppo-
...rity over Plaisted will probably
... from 400. We have chosen
... the county officers, more than
...e state senate and a large ma-
...se are republicans, giving us
... of the state government in all
...ur only regret is the failure to
...h and Fifth congressional dis-
...eded in reducing the majority
... one-third of the fusion major-
...o, but the democratic claim
...n Vermont caused application
... both districts during last week
... not meet. J. G. BLAINE.

...CRATS CRY FRAUD.

...eptember 17.—The following
...s morning at the headquarters
... democratic committee from
...rns from 428 towns give Plais-
...Davis 70,698, a republican ma-
...There are 58 towns and planta-
...n yet which in 1876 gave 342
...ity and will now give more
...e republican papers pretend to
... for Davis, and are trying to
...ny to assist in the attempted
...is no doubt of Plaisted's elec-

...democratic committee has issued
...ment relative to the election
...lat st reliable and official re
...m Maine are returns from 420
...ve Plaisted 70,079,
...eptember 17. Davis, 70,698

republican majority, 870. In same towns in 1876 the opposition vote was 57,499; republican, 72,765; republican majority, 15,266. The republican loss in 1880 from corresponding election in 1876, 14,587. There are fifty-eight towns and plantations yet to be heard from. The relative gain in these towns, as compared with 1876, would give us at the lowest estimate one thousand democratic majority. Republican manipulators in Maine are pretending to claim a majority for Davis, and are undoubtedly trying to doctor the returns to bear out this claim. It remains to be seen whether they propose to begin in Maine to reinaugurate the frauds of 1876. For two days Blaine and the republican leaders conceded Plaisted's election as the republican party did Tilden's in 1876. The entire machinery for counting the votes is in the hands of a republican returning board. Usually in past years it has only required about two days to ascertain the definite result. In Maine, this year, all the first returns showed great democratic gains, and it was only when republican manipulators have stopped the returns coming in and delayed them until they could be altered, that changes were made in favor of Davis. The county of Kennebec which usually completes its returns in one day was held back till after Thursday, and it is openly asserted by former republican leaders that the returns were kept back for manipulation. Two of five congressmen, March and Ladd, are conceded. Philbeck, the democratic candidate in Blaine's district, as the third, while actually elected may be counted out by fraud by a very small majority—under one hundred. In the first district the democratic candidate is practically in the same position, as the republicans only claim a majority for Reed of 93, thus showing that out of five congressmen four democrats were elected. This is the best criterion by which to judge the public sentiment of the state. Plaisted is clearly elected, and can only be defeated by a fraudulent count. The gains shown by the republican party or claimed by them are in democratic counties unaccessible by telegraph and away from lines of railway. The best evidence of frauds proposed to be perpetrated is the fact that while the fusion ticket shows large gains all over the state in republican cities and counties, the republican gain is claimed in democratic counties.

REPUBLICAN GREENBACKERS.

CHICAGO, September 17.—Gorham, of California, just returned from stumping Maine, was interviewed yesterday. He believes that the result, although not equal to what was expected by the republicans, will inspire them to work. He ascribed the republican defeat to the lavish expenditure of money by the democrats and to the fact that the latter supported the greenback nominee without any assurance from him that he was at all in sympathy with the democratic party. Plaisted, he described as a republican who had accepted the greenback nomination because he felt he had been slighted in the distribution of offices in his own party. He felt certain that neither Weaver nor Plaisted would do anything that would be likely to let the democrats gain any electoral votes in Maine, as they are both republican greenbackers.

FIGURING THE RETURNS.

PORTLAND, September 17.—A dispatch from Fort Fairfield reports that the vote of Pelham stands Davis 50; Plaisted 24. Last year Davis had 5; fusionists 31. It is found in compiling last year's book that 80 of the scattering of last year was stated but not specified, a missing 80 we may have in present returns. If so this gain of 26 would overcome the difference between Davis' plurality and scattering and give him a majority of five but this is subject to all errors made in this way of receiving returns.

PORTLAND, September 17. 490 towns give Davis 73,301; Plaisted, 72,588, Scattering, 338 Davis plurality, 713. The small towns to hear from last year gave Davis 40; fusion, 435; scattering, 80; total 550. A fusion plurality of 350, which deducted leaves Davis 318 plurality.

What Maud S. Achieved.

CHICAGO, September 17.—The Times says of the Maud S. trot yesterday: Aside from the comparative excellencies, there are several positive best performances in it for parts of a mile.

In the first place, the second quarter in 31¾ seconds was the fastest quarter ever trotted. At Minneapolis St. Julien trotted his second quarter in 31½, which was the fastest up to this time.

In the second place, the first half mile was the fastest half ever trotted up to this time. St. Julien trotted in 1.05 at Hartford. Hopeful's 1.05¼ at Belmont Park was beat at Minneapolis. St. Julien lowered it to 1.04¾, and it remained for the mare to drop it to 1.04½.

In the third place, the middle half mile, that is, from the quarter to the three-quarter post, was the fastest half mile ever trotted or paced, being covered in the astonishing time of 1.03½, or at the rate of a mile in 2.07 minutes. The best half mile trotted previous to that was by Judge Fullerton, at Utica, where he covered the middle half in 1.04¾, at a 2.09½ gait.

In the fourth place, it was the fastest three-quarters of a mile ever trotted or paced. When St. Julien made his record at Hartford he made his first three quarters of a mile in 1.38¾. At Minneapolis he closed the three quarters in 1.37½, and it remained for the mare to cut three-quarters of a second from it by doing the distance in 1.36¾. It seemed a great pity that, having beaten the record all around except the first, she should have just failed to crown it by smashing the time all to pieces.

Terrible Mine Accident.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 17.—A Virginia City dispatch says an accident at the Consolidated Imperial mine last night, resulted in the death of nine men, one being dangerously hurt. The three o'clock shift were coming off the cage with ten men upon it. It had started for the surface when the cable broke, precipitating them down the shaft some three hundred feet. 1,400 feet of rope piled upon them. Three men have been taken out, two of whom are dead. Others are not expected to live. It will be some hours before the others can be got out.

A Gold Hill dispatch says the following are the names of those killed in the Imperial mine disaster last night: John Roach, Patrick Murphy, Dick Ryder, Thomas Meagher, Mat Winnie, James Hannahan, William Carbett, George Frankam, Jerry Simmers. Most of the bodies are terribly mangled. The men were got out at 4 a. m. Roach talk rationally when found, but died when coming up the shaft. Frank Smith, the only man saved, is resting easy. He has external injuries. The cable broke at the reel, and for some unknown cause the safeties did not catch. The cable was of the best English make, four and a half inches, by half an inch and in use only three months. The shaft was in charge of Ryder, pumpman, and pump shift was changing at the same time, with the other shift Ryder was on the under cage, on which was found an ax with the helve broken eight inches from the poll. The only explanation of the accident is that this ax handle caught the timbers, causing a strain which broke the cable. The engineer on duty says however, everything appeared to be running smoothly when the cable broke.

Senator Conkling's Speech.

NEW YORK, September 17.—In Senator Conkling's speech to-night after an eloquent allusion to the grandeur and blessings of a republic, Conkling said: "The democratic party is the democratic candidate and I am against the ticket and all its work. The general issue confronting us is in itself and in its bearings sectional. I would that it were not so but it is so. In twelve states of the union the approaching election is to be no more than a farce unless, as has sometimes happened it, to be turned into a tragedy. In several southern states there is a republican majority but all the southern states alike, without exception or without doubt, are relied on to count upon the democratic side and secure a hundred and thirty eight electoral votes. There is to be no free debate, no equal rights, no true expression in these cities, and yet he who discusses these questions must be told in the coarse parlance of the day that he waves the bloody shirt."

The senator denounced the proposed count in some of the southern states founded on the last census and then read General Grant's recent letter in which he says, The democratic party as now constituted and controlled is not a fit party to trust with the control of the general government. The senate controls the democratic party and in congress the southern members hold absolute sway. Should a controversy arise regarding the presidential election and the election be thrown in the house there voting being taken by states the south would cast nearly all democratic votes and the senate for vice president would come from the same source. In the event of a democratic success the southern end of the democratic party must be to the north end as the locomotive is to the tender. The South has control of all the working committees of the senate. On every committee there is a majority of democrats and of this the majority in all cases consists of southern senators. The same condition prevails in the house; there are 42 committees. The chairmen of 22 are from the south. All the committees are so constituted that the majority is democratic, and of this majority more than half is southern. During the two years while this absolute power, in both houses has been so lodged the exigence of the veto power and the approach of the presidential canvass have suggested might reasons for going slow. Many expected bills have not been introduced. Many that have been introduced have not been pressed. Some that have been passed have [illegible] against such obstinate opposition as to secure a present postponement or some modification. But whenever the hour strikes that the veto power is in democratic hands put there by southern votes, whatever the solid caucus decrees that will be accomplished.

Stocks and Bonds.

—NEW YORK, Sept. 17.

Silver bars, 112⅞. Money at 2@3. Governments higher. Stocks closed firm.

Western Union	104¾	Panama	185
Quicksilver	12	Union Pacific	93½
Pacific Mail	40⅛	U. P. bonds	112⅝
Mariposa	⅜	Central Pacific	73
Wells, Fargo	110	C. P. bonds	112
N.Y. Central	130¾	Sutro Tunnel	1⅛
Erie	38⅞	Little Pittsburg	

Petroleum firm; Union Pipe, 95; refined, 10¾; crude, 6½@7½.

Chicago Grain Market.

CHICAGO, September 17.—Wheat heavy, lower; 93 cash; 2⅛ October; 3⅛ to 3½ November,—Corn weak, lower, 40⅛ cash; 40⅝ October, 31⅛ November. Oats, eastern, 29¼ cash; 29 October. Rye, 88½. Barley, 75 to 76. Whisky 13. Pork steady, 17.85 September; 77½ October. Lard weak, 7.77½ cash.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

It is rumored that Sir Charles Dilke, under foreign secretary, will resign on account of ill health.

The republicans of the fourth district of New York nominated General Judson Kilpatrick for congress.

A private telegram received in Berlin from Warsaw announces that the rinderpest has appeared in the neighboring districts.

A correspondent of the London Times at the Montenegrin headquarters telegraphs that the powers should no longer encourage the idle hope that there will be no bloodshed. The first shot fired will spread the flame of war along the entire frontier.

REPUBLICAN RALLY.

Eloquent Speeches by Judges Pierce and Decker.

A Garfield and Arthur Club Over a Hundred Strong Organized.

Court House Hall was well filled last evening on the occasion of the republican rally. Sheriff Smith, chairman of the county central committee, called the meeting to order and Justice Stewart was chose chairman and J. E. McIntyre secretary.

Judge Colburn, C. H. White and F. E. Dow were appointed as a committee to draft a constitution and by-laws for the Garfield and Arthur club. While the committee were out the meeting was addressed by Judge Pierce, of Tennessee, and Judge Decker, of Denver. Judge Pierce's address was logical and clear and was well received. Judge Decker was loudly applauded when he arose to speak and his address was eloquent and convincing. At the conclusion of the speaking a Garfield and Arthur club was organized of over a hundred members.

Judge Pierce, of Memphis, Tennessee, was introduced as the first speaker of the evening. The judge, in his opening remarks, dwelt at some length on the necessity and benefits of a thorough organization. He spoke of the electric thrill which followed the recent republican victory in Vermont. This was caused, not so much on account of the fact that the state went republican, for that is what Vermont always does, but because the majority was larger by some thousands than had been anticipated. The secret of this large vote lies in the fact of thorough organization. Judge Pierce made the application to El Paso county which is sure to go republican but which, by thorough organization, can be made to pile up a much larger majority than otherwise, and thus encourage and electrify weaker and less sure districts.

When the judge had finished this portion of his address, he took up the consideration of the claims of the democratic party to be reinstated in power. He referred to Governor St. Johns' arraignment of the democratic party as the party of blunderers and briefly referred to some of the many blunders made by the democratic party during the last twenty years. He reminded the audience of the saying of the French statesman that blunder in war or statesmanship is worse than a crime, and he alleged that democratic blunders were of that kind. He said that he did not claim that the republican party had made no mistakes but he did claim that the republican party had made *few* mistakes and was always willing to correct its mistakes when it discovered them.

The speaker then said that the republican party had done many things to be proud of and as the briefest way of indicating some of these praiseworthy accomplishments Judge Pierce read from the platform adopted by the convention at Chicago, and when he had concluded remarked that no party with a less illustrious record should be allowed to supplant it.

The judge then turned his attention to the democratic platform. He said he had carefully analised it and found that it consisted of five parts. One part sophistry, two parts falsehood and brazen impudence and two parts immitation of the republican platform. He characterized the democratic denunciation of the electoral commission as a display of cheek which would cause a book agent or lighting rod peddler to blush. He went into the history of the commission giving facts and figures to show that it was a democratic measure in its inception and that it was carried by democratic votes. The fact that the decision was adverse to the democrats was the cause of their denunciations. Judge Pierce illustrated the situation by relating an anecdote concerning an Allegheny county lawyer, who said that if he lost a case he could do one of two things; he could either appeal it or go down to the tavern and swear at the court. The democrats have been down at the tavern swearing at the court for the last four years. Then they are not ... They had a chance to appeal their case to the people. If they really believed that Tilden was elected in 1876 it was their duty to appeal their case to the people in 1880 with Tilden at the head of their ticket. They did not do this, and they are like a man who, after selecting his own tribunal, finds fault with its decisions, and instead of taking an appeal, which would be mean enough, satisfies himself with swearing at the court.

This part of the judge's speech was especially logical and clear and he was frequently interrupted by applause. In concluding his remarks he spoke of the real aims and desires of the democratic party. He had no fault to find with Hancock as a man or as a soldier, but as a statesman he had no record; and as a candidate for president he was only the mask put up to conceal the face of treason. Prolonged applause followed the conclusion of Judge Pierce's address.

Judge Stewart then introduced Judge W. S. Decker, of Denver, whose appearance was the signal for a most enthusiastic outbreak of applause, which was continued for several minutes. Judge Decker acknowledged the extreme cordiality of his greeting and then spoke substantially as follows:

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen:

It gives me great pleasure to meet the voters of El Paso county this evening. It has been said that in political matters we should consider principles not men. This is true in one sense but in another it is not true. I believe it is quite important to consider men as well as measures. You all know Governor Pitkin. (Applause.) A nobler, purer man never lived. (Applause.) Sincere, patriotic and true in all his impulses, he has a head that discovers the difference between right and wrong, and when a question of the preservation of life and property comes before him he does not hesitate in his decision. When the men of Leadville, democrats as well as republicans, asked him to reach forth his hand and save their lives and their property he complied. This is the only criticism that the democrats now make on his official acts. He was asked to preserve property, life, peace. He did it. No lives were lost, property was made secure, peace was restored, (Applause.) But I do not propose to discuss martial law here to-night. It was the duty of Governor Pitkin to preserve peace and when the democrats criticise him for so doing they are acting the part of demagogues.

I desire to discuss the two presidential candidates, I speak of only two because the other is hardly in the race. [Laughter]. First I speak of Hancock. I have nothing to say against him for he was my commander and I know him to be a brave soldier. But what is his history? He entered West Point as a youth. He graduated and entered the service of his country. He is a man made by the government.

How is it on the other hand with our illustrious candidate General Garfield? [Prolonged applause]. We find him as a lad upon the tow path driving the team which propelled the canal boat. We find him as a youth shoving the jack plain. We find him further on teaching in the school room. He is a self made man while Hancock is a man made by the government. Take if you please their military record. One is a soldier educated and fed by the government. He fought for the union as his oath required, had he done otherwise he would have added perjury to treason as Lee did. How about Garfield? He was teaching school when the war broke out, he volunteered and in two years he held the highest position in the United States army. He was a major general. In two years he secured what Hancock was thirty six years in securing [Applause]

Take the civil records of the two men. Hancock is a superb soldier. He can tie his neck-tie with precision and elegance and his coat is without a wrinkle, but then where is his statesmanship? What was it that gave rise to his reputation as a statesman? In 1866 the rebels tried to reorganize in New Orleans. On the 13th of July, 1866 some patriotic, loyal men, black and white, met in Mechanics' hall to hold a meeting. Mayor Monroe was a rebel. His police were murderers and ex rebel soldiers. They attempted to break up the meeting. Two hundred loyal men were slaughtered and the streets of New Orleans ran with blood. Under the reconstruction act Sheridan was appointed to take charge of the 5th military district. He went to New Orleans. He removed Monroe and his rebels and appointed loyal men in their places. That wasn't as Johnson wanted it. You remember how he swung 'round the circle. He started out as a republican. He returned as a rebel. When Sheridan went down to New Orleans he discountenanced the rebels and placed sound union men in positions of trust. When Johnson saw this he said, "I will remove Sheridan," and he did remove him. He was obliged to appoint an officer of the rank of brigadier general, but could find none but Hancock to be his tool.

Now what did Hancock do? His first act was to issue general order No. 40, declaring peace reigns, and that all offenses should be tried by a civil tribunal. But before this, in a bill supplemental to the reconstruction act, congress had passed a law declaring there was no civil government in the south. Hancock issued his order in direct opposition to this legislation, to resuscitate and renew the existence of the rebel governments. The rebels were pleased. But the great silent soldier in Washington, true, patriotic and pure, saw the evil tendency of this order and revoked it. Hancock said, if I can't rule this district as I like I ask to be relieved. He came back north in the spring of 1868. That same year he was a candidate before the democratic convention for the democratic nomination. Who was it that nominated him? A rebel from Louisiana. He received 140 votes in that convention, not because he had fought and killed rebels on the field of battle, but because he had betrayed the loyal men in Louisiana and befriended the ex-rebels. This was the reason why he had support. After this convention he wrote a letter to S. T. Glover, of St. Louis, declaring he should earnestly support the democratic ticket headed by Seymour. This is all there is of the civil record of Hancock.

How is it on our side? There is not an act of congress in 18 years that does not bear the impress of the genius and good sense of our leader. After eighteen years of services he is without a peer. Because of his ability, intelligence and brains last winter the legislature of Ohio unanimously and unsolicited elected him United States Senator. Then Thurman said that a party which elected such a man deserved success. What does Bill Springer, the most rattle brained, wildest and meanest of them all say? At Lebanon, Iowa, he said, I know J. A. Garfield. I know he is a strong man. I know he is a pure man. Jeremiah S. Black said he was a pure and true man. This is our candidate as a soldier, the equal of Hancock and as a statesman infinitely superior.

While I think of it I wish to say a word in regard to Maine. The Denver News and other democratic papers came out after the election and claimed a great victory. Jollification meetings were held. But what is the result? The republicans elect two thirds of the legislature, which elects a United States senator; three out of five congressmen and the governor, while the democrats don't elect anything. [Laughter.] The man the democrats supported for governor was a republican even. The democrats in Maine remind me of the Irishman who was left at an eating station. Finding that the train had pulled out of the station, he rushed after it crying "Hello! you have got a passenger on board that is left behind." This is the trouble with the Maine democracy.

Now I wish for a few minutes to call your attention to two paragraphs in the democratic platform which I consider all important. The first paragraph is the opening of the platform in which the democratic party "pledges itself anew to the doctrines and traditions of the democratic party." Now I do not wish any democrat to say that I have thrust the bloody shirt before them. This platform invites it: We are asked to look into the records to say what the democratic party to-day believe in. Let us do this. Go back to 1854, when the democratic party repealed the Missouri Compromise, which provided that there could be slavery south of Mason's & Dixon's line but none north of it. The south saw the coming fight between the free and slave labor. They saw the northwest was rich and wanted the right to take their slaves there and drive out free labor. Hence they repealed this compromise and said there should be slaves wherever the states desired them. Then came the Dred Scot decision which declared freedom sectional and slavery national. Now this is a part of the doctrine and tradition of the party to which the Cincinnati convention pledged itself anew.

Later in 1857 was the struggle in "bleeding Kansas." The free soilers were struggling that it might be a free state. President Buchanan was determined the Lecompton constitution should be adopted, which made Kansas a slave state and W. H. English was the principal promoter of this

Continued on Fourth Page.

HALLOWELL & WILLS,

(Successors to Chas. Hallowell,)

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

offer the following Choice Lots

FOR SALE:

Lot number 1, block 11, on North Cascade avenue, corner of Dale street, facing the mountains, size 100x190 feet. Price $1,200.

Lot number 7, block 12 on Nevada avenue, next south of Mr. Segalus' residence, facing the east; size 100x190 feet. Price $775.

Lot 50x100 feet on Pike's Peak avenue, east of Wahsatch, opposite Col. De La Vergne's residence, fronting 90 feet on the avenue. Price $650.

Lot number 20, block 244 on East Pike's Peak avenue; size 50x200 feet. Price $375.

Lot number 12, block 245 on East Pike's Peak avenue; size 47x190 feet. Price $225.

Lot number 5, in Hallowell's sub-division of block 212 on North Weber street; size 50x190 feet. Price $250.

Lots numbers 9 and 10 in Hallowell's sub-division of block 212 on North Wahsatch avenue, southeast corner; size 100x190 feet. Price $325.

Lots 1 and 2, block 103, corner of Huerfano street and Nevada avenue, size 50x190 ft. Price $1300.

Lots in south part of town (facing south) well located 50x190 feet, from $125 to $175 each.

Lots on South Weber street, 50x190 feet, $400 each.

Lots on South Weber street, opposite Episcopal church, 50x190 feet, with small house, fenced. Price $1,050.

Two lots on East Huerfano street for $175.

Choice lots in best locations in the city ranging in price from $350 to $1,000 each.

Forty-five or fifty very desirable lots in Pueblo and South Pueblo.

Also for sale nice brick house of 9 rooms, 1½ stories, corner lots fenced, lawn, garden, very convenient out-buildings, city water, etc. Price $3,100. And several other good houses desirably situated.

A No. 1 business property, consisting of a two-story stone store building, fitted up in handsome style and situated in the very best location in town. For terms and further particulars apply at our office.

FOR RENT:

House of 6 rooms, on Pike's Peak avenue, facing south, central location, from September 29th. $35 per month.

House of 8 rooms, on Cascade avenue, facing the mountains, from September 21st. $35 per month.

House of 5 rooms (new), on Nevada avenue, facing east, possession at once, $25 per month.

Two houses of 7 rooms each, on Boulder street, possession at once. Each $25 per month.

Furnished house of 6 rooms, very nice, central location, to rent for 4 months. $65 per per month.

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Rates made known on application to the office

JOB WORK.
Our facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office where they will be properly attended to; we cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

All subscriptions to the Weekly or Daily are struck off the list at expiration.

Mr. Harry Iles is the authorized collector and solicitor for the Gazette Publishing Company.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the Gazette to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the Weekly Gazette must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertisements from them.

B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the Gazette.

Republican County Convention.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Sept. 10, 1880.

Notice is hereby given that a Republican County Convention will be held at Court House Hall, Colorado Springs, Colorado, on Saturday, October 2, 1880, at two o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following offices:

One state senator,

Two members of the assembly.

One county judge.

One county commissioner.

And for the transaction of such other business as may come before the convention.

The several precincts of the county will be entitled to send delegates as follows, to wit:

Precinct No. 1	12	Precinct No. 9	2
Precinct No. 2	2	Precinct No. 10	2
Precinct No. 3	3	Precinct No. 11	3
Precinct No. 4	2	Precinct No. 12	2
Precinct No. 5	2	Precinct No. 13	2
Precinct No. 6	16	Precinct No. 14	2
Precinct No. 7	2	Precinct No. 15	2
Precinct No. 8	2		

The County Central Committee suggests that the primaries for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Convention be held at the usual voting places in the several precincts on Saturday, September 25.

By order of the County Central Committee,
WALTER A. SMITH, Chairman.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES A. GARFIELD.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
F. W. PITKIN.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
GEORGE B. ROBINSON.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
N. H. MELDRUM.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
W. C. SANDERS.

FOR AUDITOR OF STATE,
JOSEPH T. DAVIS.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
L. S. CORNELL.

FOR REGENT STATE UNIVERSITY,
J. C. SHATTUCK.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
CHARLES H. TOLL.

FOR CONGRESS,
J. B. BELFORD.

FOR JUDGE OF THE FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT,
J. C. HELM.

Blaine, of Maine, is not to be despised.

Democratic papers have had little to say about Maine for a few days.

The New York World was consistent. It could not glory over a supposed greenback victory.

Republican leaders in Tennessee are making a vigorous fight in hopes of carrying the state.

The democratic party are accustomed to cry fraud when they are beaten. They speak from an inward consciousness.

Hard-money voters should remember that General Hancock telegraphed congratulations to a greenbacker in which he spoke of "our friends."

Representative Aiken has recently asserted that northern democrats are neither respectable or honest. Yet the democrats in the north are the willing tools of the southern wing of the party. A man usually despises his tools.

The republican leaders after hearing from the great towns in Maine gave up the contest temporarily. This shows that the charges of fraudulent counting are baseless. Had such a thing been contemplated there would not have been so hasty admissions of defeat, on the part of Blaine and other leaders.

The speech of Judge Decker last night was a thoughtful, sober discussion of the issues of the campaign. It will do much to arouse the republicans to activity, as it forcibly presented the dangers a democratic success threatens. The campain is now well opened and it should be made hot from now until election day.

One hundred and fifty-five democrats control the house, and 100 southern democrats control the 155 democrats. In the senate forty two democratic senators control the senate, and thirty southern democrats control these forty-two democrats. The success of the democratic party, therefore, means the complete control of our government by the south. A vote for *Hancock is a vote to put the whole machinery of the government in the hands of* the south.

In 1863 Horatio Seymour, then governor of New York, began an address to the mob in New York with the expression, "My friends." This largely contributed to his defeat in the Presidential campaign of 1868. This year General Hancock telegraphed to the greenbackers and spoke of them as "our friends." This ought to withdraw from him the support of the hard money element this year, as Seymour's like expression to the rebel mob element in New York withdrew from him the support of loyal men in 1868.

Three republicans have announced they will vote for Hancock. General Butler was repudiated by his district and was altogether too disreputable to remain outside of the democratic party. Mullett was forced to resign the office of supervising architect for want of integrity, and Forney had to resign the secretaryship of the senate to cover up dishonesty in his department. The democracy are welcome. We have just a few more who can find a congenial home with the democracy. The men who don't stay republicans when they are out of office, make the party better by leaving it.

The democratic party pledges itself anew to the doctrines and traditions of the democratic party. Among the traditions is the great peace meeting at Springfield, Illinois, in 1863 which was designed to weaken the hands of those who were fighting to restore the union, and strengthen those who were fighting to destroy the union. Among the resolutions adopted was the following which was prepared by General Singleton, now a democratic member of congress:

23. That the further offensive prosecution of this war tends to subvert the constitution and the government, and entail upon this nation all the disastrous consequences of misrule and anarchy. That we are in favor of peace upon the basis of a restoration of the union, and for the accomplishment of which we propose a national convention to settle upon terms of peace, which shall have in view the restoration of the union as it was, and the securing, by constitutional amendments, such rights to the several states and the people thereof as honor and justice demands.

A Democratic Convert.

Whenever a blatant democrat talks to you about the back salary grab, just ask him who introduced that measure to congress, and he will be forced to answer, that recent shining convert to Hancockism, Benjamin F. Butler, of Massachusetts. Register Call.

What Mr. English Did.

While in congress Mr. English did three notable things. First, he voted against the expulsion of Bully Brooks for his brutal attack on Senator Sumner; second, he introduced a bill to bribe the people of Kansas with a large land grant into adopting a slavery constitution; and third, he favored the removal of the troops from Washington at a time when the secessionists were plotting to capture the capital. [Chicago Inter Ocean.

The Reason why.

It is reported that Tilden sent $20,000 into the first district to defeat Reed, on account of the scathing cross-examination given him before the congressional committee in New York. The fusionists are said to have expended over $10,000 in Belfast alone, upward of $17 having been paid for single votes, thus securing a great gain over last year's vote. Similar stories about both parties are repeated, and the tale, if strung out, would be monotonous. The fusionists' bar'l only came to them lately, and ignorance of its arrival is the reason why all the special correspondents have been predicting a heavy republican majority. [Chicago Times.

Florissant Notes.

FLORISSANT, September 8. Any person questioning the productiveness of this part of the country who will visit the stock and farming ranch of Mr. Jack Tremain, will there see that which will make the Frenchmen on the Fontaine look to their laurels. For in great quantities and in perfection will there be found now, potatoes, turnips, beets, radishes, salad, peas, cabbages, tomatoes, etc It is useless to speak of others who as a reward for their industry have fair crops. The hay crop is fair. The grass on the range has grown well since the wet season commenced and as most of the cattle men own and have fenced large tracts of pasture land, the outlook for the coming winter is fair. But for others without these advantages to drive in stock of any kind to winter, it would be precarious indeed.

We of Four Mile, extend a cordial invitation to our neighboring people who would appreciate the subline in nature to visit this part of the country; then after so doing they will thank me for the suggestion that they call at the diary ranch of Mr. Root, where every care will be taken to give them information, and in addition not only the substantials but the luxuries of life will be set before them. It would be a good idea also for them to call on the "Colonel," we mean Mr. Kitridge. He would probably tell them among other things how he "fought and fell in the rear of the retreating foe." You may smile at this, But when you learn that he was the last one to quit the bloody field you will vote him the title of gallant colonel.

I close for this time with a few items personal and impersonal:

There is a happy smile on the face of friend Brown; it is a boy, weight eleven and three-fourth pounds.

Mr. Welty, Sen., and wife have just returned to the Springs after a delightful visit with their daughter and son-in-law, Mrs. and Mr. Falkner.

Joe Fostier has come in from the mines, Tom. Gross also.

There are several estray horses and mules hereabouts.

Old Mr. Marcotte had more than forty chickens killed one night last week—lion. The big grey wolfe was killed by Phil Marcotte and the cinnamon by Mr. Thompson, while the huge rattle snake was bruised by the preacher. PETER.

TO LOAN.

TO LOAN. A few thousand dollars at eight per cent. per annum. Apply to A. L. Lawton, Real Estate, Loan and Insurance Agent. j 10 tf

THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY
"TRIBES OF ASA AND JESSE"
CONCERT PARTY
Will give one
Grand Concert,
AT—
COURT HOUSE HALL,
Thursday, Sept. 23d,
Introducing a musical programme of rare merit.

Admission Tickets....................50 cents
Reserved Seats.......................75 cents

For sale at E. P. Howbert & Co.'s book store.
A. D. HUTCHINSON,
j 18 5* Business Manager.

SPECIAL OPENING
OF
Fine Millinery!

We are opening our new stock, selected with great care, and offer it at prices that will commend it at once to every purchaser.

MONTGOMERY & CO.,
At our new quarters,
PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE,
Fourth door east of Tejon. j 18tf

Unequaled Advantages!

New Studio!
New Scenery!

T. E. Hopkins,
THE
Photographer,

Can now be found in his new and elegant apartments in the
WELLS & PREWITT BLOCK,
and is prepared to equal his heretofore excellent work in both finish and effect. If you wish to see yourself as others see you do not fail to call on
HOPKINS
In his new quarters. j 18 tm

TOWNE & WALKER,
(Successors to E. C. BARTLETT)
BLACKSMITHING,
CARRIAGE REPAIRING AND HORSE SHOEING
Our specialty. Bartlett's old stand, Huerfano street. j 18 tm

STRAYED OR STOLEN
$50 REWARD.

Strayed or stolen from Monument, one four year old bay mare, large and lofty and about fifteen hands high. One four year old sorrel horse, large and heavy boned with sway back. Both branded V (in a circle) on the left shoulder. The above reward will be paid if delivered to AUSTIN HUTCHINSON,
j 18 12* Manitou.

SHEPPARD & CO.
Are b[illegible] at their old stand on Cucharas street, in the rear of the National Hotel, with a fine new lot of horses, buggies, and carriages. Everything is first-class, and their
PRICES REASONABLE!
d-e-s-tf

THE OIL TRUCK
Will go its rounds through the city regularly once a week. Any special order left at Tout's Cigar Store, one door east of Kenney's Restaurant, *on Pike's Peak avenue, will receive prompt* attention. I keep none but the Headlight grade.
j 17 tf O. PARKER.

An Honest Medicine Free of Charge.

Of all medicines advertised to cure any affection of the Throat, Chest or Lungs, we know of none we can recommend so highly as DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Hoarseness, Tickling in the Throat, loss of voice, etc. This medicine does *positively cure*, and that where everything else has failed. No medicine can show one half so many positive and permanent cures as have already been effected by this truly wonderful remedy. For Asthma and Bronchitis it is a perfect specific, curing the very worst cases in the shortest time possible. We say by all means give it a trial. *Trial bottles free.* Regular size 1.00. For sale by A. Sagendorf, Colorado Springs.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all kinds of skin eruptions. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. Sagendorf, Colorado Springs. a 3 80 y

TRADE DIRECTORY

All cards under this head consist of announcement of particular branch of trade and address. Any other matter in them will be charged for at our card rates.

SADDLERIES.

H. T. O'Brien, dealer in and manufacturer of Saddles, Harness, &c. Sign of the Rancho, South Tejon Street j 2 tf

REAL ESTATE.

E. N. BARTLETT,
Real Estate Agent. Office with the Mountaineer. Residence, N. Weber street, near Platte avenue. h 20 1 m

UNDERTAKER.

A. L. MILLARD, Undertaker. Open every day and hour in the year. Telegraphic and personal orders promptly attended to.
f 9 tf

MEAT MARKETS.

PECK, FARRAR & Co, Pike's Peak Market Pike's Peak avenue. Wholesale and retail dealers in beef, mutton, pork, poultry, and eggs. *Fresh fish a specialty.* Highest price paid for fat beef, pork, mutton, and veal. Live and Let Live is our motto. e 7 tf

CONFECTIONERY.

PETER MARIANI, dealer in fresh candies of all kinds, California fruits, fine cigars, pop corn, nuts, lemonade, etc. Everything kept in a first-class confectionery, always fresh and nice. Receives candies every week fresh from the manufacturer. Tejon street, 14 tf

BAKERIES.

WM. BUSH, baker, confectioner and dealer in California fruits, ice cream, &c., Postoffice block.

NOTICE to FREIGHTERS
MONARCH PASS TOLL ROAD
Now Open for Travel,
SHORTEST ROUTE BY THIS LOW PASS
TO—
Gunnison City, Ruby, Gothic, Lake City, Ouray, and all Points in the San Juan Country.
EASY GRADES, SPLENDID ROAD-BED.
Abundance of Wood and Water, Excellent Grazing for Stock.

Freighters leaving South Arkansas pass through Poncha Springs, Maysville, Arbourville, Garfield, Chaffee City, and the Monarch Mining District, over the range much below timber line, through the celebrated mining district of the Tomechi, past the Hot Sulphur Springs, and the rich hay lands of the valley to Gunnison City. Immense local travel. Rates low. j 14 12

Moran's Great Picture,
The Mountain of the HOLY CROSS, has been placed at the disposal of
The Building Committee,
—OF—
ST. ANDREWS CHURCH.
MANITOU,
And will be on exhibition for a limited period on Wednesdays and Saturdays from 2 to 4 p. m., at Dr. Bell's house, Manitou.

A charge of 25 cents will be made in aid of the Building Fund of the church, now in course of erection at Manitou.

BY ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE.
j 15 6

Davis & Williams

Watchmakers and Jewelers!
Pike's Peak avenue, two doors east of Tejon street, Colorado Springs. d 20 tf

Facts that we know.

If you are suffering with a severe cough, cold, asthma, bronchitis, consumption, loss of voice, tickling in the throat, or any affection of the throat or lungs, *we know* that DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY will give you immediate relief. We know of hundreds of cases it has completely cured, and that where all other medicines had failed. No other remedy can show one half as many *permanent cures.* Now to give you satisfactory proof that DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY *will cure* you of Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Consumption, severe Coughs and Colds, Hoarseness, or any Throat or Lung Disease, if you will call at A. Sagendorf's, Colorado Springs drug store you can get a trial bottle free of cost, or a regular size bottle for $1.00.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all kinds of skin eruptions. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. Sagendorf, Colorado Springs. a 3 80 y

A. C. WILLARD
ARCHITECT!
47 Pike's Peak Ave.,
(Over Stark & Downing's Hardware Store.)

Combination as low as good work and material will allow. e 11 tf

Bacon's Livery and Sale Stable

Finest Hearse in the City, at the Most REASONABLE RATES.
BACON & KRACAW, Proprietors.

WINES AND LIQUORS
AT
CHAS. STOCKBRIDGE'S
Cheaper than ever offered before. All guaranteed to be of first quality and pure.
DELIVERED DAILY
By the Brewery wagon to any address, by the quart or gallon.
Leave Orders at Office No. 3, Wanless Block, or Address Colorado City, Colo.
c 23 tf

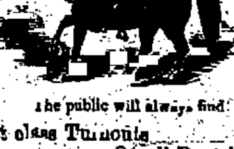
J. H. DRINKWATER,
CITY PLUMBER
AND
SUPT. OF THE GAS WORKS
Orders for Plumbing, Gas and steam Fitting promptly attended to. Has in stock a large assortment of the very latest patterns of
GAS FIXTURES.
ALSO
RUBBER HOSE, BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, BOILERS, WASHSTANDS, IRON SINKS, IRON PIPE, LEAD PIPE, ETC
HOUSES HEATED WITH HOT WATER
By the latest method, which is simple, cheap, and durable.
Ranches Supplied With Water
From their springs, or otherwise, through a cheap lead pipe kept on hand for that purpose. I also set pumps and hydraulic rams where water has to be elevated.

N. B. Particular attention given to ventilation of sewers.

Orders received for gas tar, which is the best material for fence posts, roofing, etc.; also, for coke, the best thing for summer use.
d 25 tf

No. 58 Pike's Peak Ave.

Avenue Stables



The public will always find
First class Turnouts
Of all Descriptions
Saddle and Driving Horses for Ladies and Invalids.
Competent and accommodating
DRIVERS.
And Prices as Low as Any Other Stable.
Wilbur & Hundley, Prop'rs.

CIGAR STORE,
B. G. WILSON,
TEJON STREET,
Third door above El Paso Bank.
j 5 tf

CLOSING OUT
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS
AT COST.
Call & Leave Your Measure
for a nice, nobby suit. Pants made in five hours and suits made in ten.
Everything Warranted First-Class.
CHAS. STEARNS,
h 7 tf Pike's Peak Avenue.

Stark and Downing
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
STOVES & TINWARE.
PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE.
Opposite Roby's Feed Store.
A Tin Shop in Connection. e 16

WANTED!
LARGE
Clean Rags!
APPLY AT THIS OFFICE.

WING SING LEE
has removed his
LAUNDRY
from Huerfano street to Tejon street, first door south of People's Bank. All work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. j 11 1m

FOR SALE.
SHEEP.
Thirty-Five Hundred Ewes,
Two Thousand Wethers,
Twelve Hundred Lambs.
AND
Sixty-Five Thorough-Bred Merino Bucks.
All of the above are high grade, Colorado bred.
Address, *E. R. RAYMOND,*
g 25 tf National Hotel, Colorado Springs.

Lawson's Great Sale
OF
SMELTING WORKS
AND OVER ONE THOUSAND
BUILDING LOTS
situated at
SWANSEA, DENVER, COLO.
Will take place
BY AUCTION,
ON
Friday, first day of October, 1880.
See future announcements. j 11 6

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

he New Spanish Princess.

le Spanish etiquette has prescrib-
elaborate and, to most people's
nking, unpleasant ceremonial to
ed on the birth of a royal Infant.
senior physician announces the
oach of the important event, the
of the cabinet, foreign ministers,
high military and naval com-
and representatives of the two
of the cortes, are summoned to
and received in the ante room.
door leading to the queen's
'must open from this cham-
recaution being taken to prevent
m being smuggled in or substi-
e president of the council and
f justice are conducted into the
partment to hear from the chief
n attendance the announcement
oment of her delivery is near at
en it has taken place, the child,
carried by the king, on a golden
ered with a scarlet cloth through
hamber and presented to those
nce, beginning with the presi-
e council. Prince Michael Gas
Russian Ambassador, in a dis-
he present Czar, gave an inter-
scription of the birth of Alfonso
says:

28th day of November, 1858, I
ened suddenly at 3 o'clock in the
y a royal halberdier who brought
itation to betake myself without
e royal palace, in order to be
the delivery of Her Majesty, the
Within half an hour I entered
sty's private cabinet, where I
erous grandees and ministers al-
mbled. A few minutes later the
e cabinet were thrown open, and
onsort, Don Francisco d'Assisi,
e room, bearing upon a golden
new born infant, Don Alfonso,
ed. Thus all present were en-
ssure themselves that an heir to
had really come into the world.'

ccasion of the birth of the pres-
of Chambord in France he
humous child, his father having
sinated several months before
re elaborate precautions were
stablish the sex of the child and
its having been brought into
by the Duchess of Berri. The
nish etiquette also forbids the
ther to nurse her first child
on severely felt and warmly but
osed by the young queen. A
fteen guns and the hoisting of a
having announced to the peo-
lrid the birth of the Infanta, the
of birth and presentation was
by the minister of Justice. Ac-
the customary usage, her birth
day recorded on the civil regis-
the chapel of the palace the
of baptism was performed by
enavides y Navarete, Patriarch
es. The font in which Santo
le Guzman was baptized was
r the ceremony, and a flask of
the Jordan contributed by the
Villa y Mantilla, minister to
the fortunate Infanta has been
with four wet nurses from the
egion of Santander and with
erful cradles from her grand-
the ex-Queen Isabella and
n Archduchess Elizabeth. The
clothes were prepared at the
accordance with an ancient
d sent by the pope to his god-
sed in an elegant casket. For
nodation a suit of five large
been fitted up, and a royal es-
t has been provided headed by
s of Medina de las Torres. As
y been said in the World, the
h recognized as heiress of the
ss a male is born later, is only
. There has been a sore
ble over the style of the "little
ut the controversy was not more
was less important than that
months ago between the Aus-
eon who declared that the
a would be imperiled were she
ved from the cool palace of La
Madrid during the "infernal"
d his Spanish colleagues who
t no dangerous result was to
The consideration that in
ly would it be possible to con-
ceremonies prescribed for the
rried the day, though it is in-
ay that the etiquette is inexora-
is point, since, if we are
r, Philip II. was born at Val-
l Ferdinand VII. at the Escurial.

he Spanish Succession.

h of a direct heir to the Spanish
es the elder branch of the Bour-
he Austrian house of Hapsburg.
The mother is the Archduch-
Christina, born in 1858, the
f the Archduke Charles Ferdi-
the Archduchess Elizabeth and
daughter of the popular Aus-
ine Joseph. The father is Al-
I, born Nov. 28, 1857, the son
sabella and of her cousin, the
ancisco, and the grandson of
dinand VII. Isabella was pro-
ueen when she was only three
and assumed the government
was declared of age in 1843, but
xile after the revolution of Sep-
1868, and on June 25, 1870, re-
er claim to the throne in favor
Alphonso, Prince of the Astu-
regency of Serrano, the reign
Amadeus of Savoy, and the es-
t of the republic were followed
toration of the Bourbons. Al-
I. ascended the throne in Jan-
His first wife was his cousin,
s Marie de las Mercedes, the
daughter of the Duc de Mont-
Queen Mercedes died on June
ix months after her marriage.
d marriage took place on Nov.

h of an heir places the succes-
crown on a satisfactory basis,
as the present occupant of the
the bloom of youth, and may
xpect to live many years after
hall have been declared of age.
birth of the heir, the succession,
the general law of primogeni-
l have fallen first to the sister
so, Isabel, Marie della Paz and
d subsequently to his aunt, the
ughter of Ferdinand VII, and
dren. This aunt, Infanta Louise,
he Doc de Montpensier, sixth
uis Phillippe, and her eldest
wife of the Comte de Paris.
in line of succession to the
r the present king's sister, and
aunt and niece, would have been his
cousin, Don Carlos, the oldest male rep-
resentative of the house of Bourbon. A
prince was, of course, hoped for, but the
princess will be the direct heir on the gen-
eral principle of primogeniture. [New
York Tribune.

How to Clean Wash Pipes and Sink Drains.

We hardly know the value of the plumber's work which disposes of the wastes of the family, until the pipes become obstructed, and the old fashioned *slop pail has to do the work of gravitation*. Then there is loud lamentation in the family; Bridget's work is nearly doubled and the mistress is threatened with notice of early leaving. We have had an experience in this line which ought to benefit all the house-keepers among the village and city readers of the American Agriculturalist. Nothing is more common than partial obstructions in the outlet of the wash bowl or bath tub, where these conveniences are fixtures in the dwelling. Hair or lint gets in and other obstructions accumulate until the water nearly stops. If a stick is used the foul matter accumulates below, and the plumber has to be sent for and you have to pay for his skill and time in making a free passage for the water. The best thing to remove these slight obstructions is a rubber force cup, or half globe, about three inches in diameter, fastened at the apex to a handle about four inches long. If this is put over the mouth of the waste pipe and pressed downward, it forces a column of air or water against the obstruction in the pipe and removes it. It will remove a slight obstruction in any part of the pipe. The cost of such a force cup is about fifty cents. We think we have saved five dollars in plumber's bills by using one of these cups, as it has been needed during the last three years. Plumbers do not like to keep them for sale for obvious reasons, but you can find them at the drug or rubber stores. A more serious matter is the obstruction of the waste pipe from the water closet and sink, usually a four inch glazed earthen pipe emptying into the cesspool or street sewer. A recent case of this kind revealed, upon examination, an inch and a half coating of grease upon the inside of the pipe—the accumulation of a dozen years or more from the waste of the sink. This might have been prevented by the occasional use of potash or soda dissolved in hot water and poured into the waste pipe of the sink. W. C.

The Wheat Crop of 1880.

The wheat crop of 1880 will not be far from 480,000,000 bushels, an increase of 30,000,000 bushels over the unprecedented crop of 1879. If 20,000,000 bushels are allowed for increased demand for food and seeding, there will remain for export at least 190,000,000 bushels. The foreign wheat crop is also generally good, though Russia will probly not market as much as last year. A low price for our wheat is inevitable; but this does not mean to us what it does to the English farmer. The London Telegraph on this point says: "The low price of wheat in this country while it leaves a good profit to American growers, enables them to deliver grain to Liverpool, at a price lower than the minimum cost of producing wheat in England, and hence it is to be feared that in spite of the fine prospects, the British farmer has a cruelly hard time in store for him, even if prices fall no lower. That they are likely to fall so low at least, that an American surplus of about 200,000,000 bushels can be marketed abroad, seems plain. The natural result will be a further abandonment of wheat-growing by British farmers, and a greater dependence hereafter upon American supplies." The good wheat crop everywhere is, it seems, working to the advantage of the American grower.

The Year 1831.

The year 1831 was one of the great musical years of the century. It witnessed the debuts of Paganini, the magician of the violin; of Rubini, the possessor of a marvellous falsetto voice; of Miss Shirieff, the great English soprano, who then charmed the New York grandfathers of today at the old National theatre in Church street in this city, and the debut as a leader of Costa. During that year were first produced the operas of Sonnambula, Anna Bolena, an English version of Fra Diavolo, under the title of the Devil's Brother, Zampa, Norma, Robert le Diable, Spohr's Zemire and Azor, for the first time in English, The Sorcerers, and Sir Henry Bishop's Romance of the Day. Oddly enough to think of at the present time, Norma failed at La Scala in Milan, with Pasta and Grisi in the cast; while shortly afterwards Ricci's opera of Chiara de Rosemburg, at the same house proved to be a great success, although now almost unknown. Sonnambula, with Pasta as the heroine, was coldly received in London.

Hugo's Idea of Bookmaking.

Victor Hugo has prefixed to the edition of his collected works now passing through the press a general preface, of which the following is a translation: "Every man who writes a book; that book is himself. Whether he knows it or not, whether he wishes it or not, it is so. From every work, whatever it may be, mean or illustrious, there is shaped a figure, that of the writer. It is his punishment if he be small; it is his recompense if he be great."

El Paso County Bank
COLORADO SPRINGS.

Transacts a General Banking and Exchange business.

W. S. JACKSON, Cashier. J. H. BARLOW, Ass't Cashier.

Reduction in Prices
of all Summer Goods to insure quick sales and make room for fall stock in

HATS AND BONNETS
TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.

Flowers, Hosiery, Notions, Fancy Goods, &c., &c., at the Chicago Store, Opposite the Postoffice e 18 tf P. ERICKSON

A Competent Gunsmith.
W. M. CONVERSE,
An experienced, careful, and skillful workman at any kind of mechanical work or repairing.
Stone Building, Huerfano street, between Tejon and Cascade, north side.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Cards under this head state profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for at our card rates.

The School for Music.
UNDER the direction of Prof. H. Th. Wagner will open on Oct 4, 1880, at the director's residence on North Tejon street. Applications by mail will be received now, and Mr. Wagner will call on all those expressing their wish to join the school. Class at well as private instruction will be given, and the terms put it in the reach of every one to receive a Musical education. Pupils willing to be instructed at their own residence can commence immediately. J 4 tf

Drs. J. J. & E. A. SOLOMON
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS. Office corner Huerfano and Cascade Ave. h 16tf

DRS. COOMBS & GATCHELL,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS, Colorado Springs, Colorado. 6 14 tf

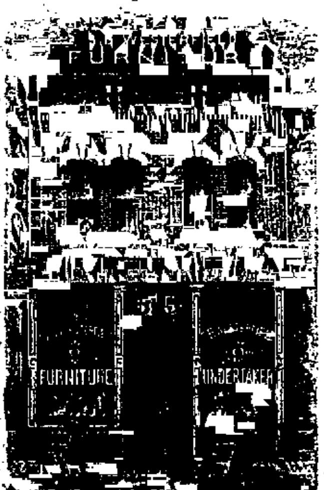
Dr. Chas. E. Edwards,
DENTIST.
(Successor to Dr. F. H Sutherland.)
OFFICE over Barnes' Hardware Store. f 30 tf

Dr. J. W. H. LaPIERRE,
ECLECTIC and Electric Physician. Diseases peculiar to females a speciality. Office and Residence Tejon st., opposite Central Hotel, up stairs. Calls answered day or night.
TURKISH AND RUSSIAN BATHS.
lf-13 tf

Admitted to practice in 1859. Eight years practice in Col.
JOHN C. FITNAM,
COUNSELOR AT LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC and Justice of the Peace, Trinidad, Colo Jurisdiction, $300 in all cases. c 27 tf

T. G. Horn. E. A. Lee.
DRS. HORN and LEE.
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS. Office in Union Block, rooms 18 and 19 d 7 tf

HELM & CAMPBELL,
ATTORNEYS AT-LAW. — Office opposite El Paso Co. Bank. a-7-tf



We now have one of the best stocks of Furniture in the state, and with our Large Store Rooms in which to display Goods, we can guarantee satisfaction to all our customers, both as to the quality and price of our goods. A complete stock of Chamber Suits, both fine and common. Common and fine Hair Mattresses, Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads, etc. Parlor Goods made to order. Photographs of the latest designs can be seen at store.
UNDERTAKING.
Entrance in Westerfield's Block, Tejon, and Hodgman's Block on Huerfano St. f 26 tf

HOTELS.
PACOCK'S
Hotel and Restaurant,
POST OFFICE BLOCK,
Colorado Springs, Colorado.
Patrons will find this house the most desirable in the city. Rates $1 50 per day.
g 24 tf GRAVES & CLOUGH, Prop's.

WM. RUDDLE & SON,
Having succeeded to the Proprietorship of the
National Hotel.
Call the attention of the traveling public and residents of Colorado Springs to the convenient location, excellent rooms, and superior cuisine of the National. Everything will be done for the comfort of guests that an experience of many years in the business can suggest. e 8 tf

VERNER & TAYLOR
Successors to
[illegible]
Dealers in
GROCERIES, FLOUR
AND PROVISIONS
Corner Pike's Peak avenue and Tejon street Colorado Springs, Colo. 12-13-tf

3,000 Ewes & 60 Rams,
All of pure-bred
MERINO STOCK.
Address IVORY PHILLIPS,
j 5 im* Bijou Basin, Colo.

S. F. SESSIONS
Contractor & Builder.
SHOP in block opposite Post Office. P. O. Box 155.
All work promptly attended to. 4 18 tf

IRVING HOWBERT, President. J. F. HUMPHREY, Cashier.
B. F. CROWELL, Vice-President. A. S. WELCH, Ass't Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
OF COLORADO SPRINGS.
CAPITAL, $50,000
DIRECTORS:
IRVING HOWBERT, BENJ. F. CROWELL.
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J. F. HUMPHREY, G. R. GREENOUGH
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NEW LIVERY
AND
NEW CARRIAGES!

Everything New. Lowest Rates in Town.
STEVENS & ROUSE,
f 11 tf. Tejon Street.

DURKEE & LEE,
DEALERS IN
Hardware,
STOVES,
TINWARE,
House Furnishing Goods,
MINING AND CAMPING OUTFITS,
BLACKSMITHS' SUPPLIES,
TENTS, RIFLES, SHOT-GUNS,
PISTOLS AND AMMUNITION,
OF ALL KINDS.

A FIRST-CLASS TIN SHOP
In connection, with Store, Jobbing and Repairing promptly and carefully attended to.
West side Tejon Street e 14 tf

Turney Brothers,

Watchmakers & Jewelers,
Next to Post-Office, Tejon Street,
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

F. HERMANN
Is now prepared to furnish everybody with
THE CELEBRATED KISSINGER
SODA,
SELTZER WATER,
GINGER ALE
AND SODA POP,
Delivered free at any part of the city daily.
f 10 tf

W. LENNOX & BRO.,
PROPRIETORS OF
The Old Reliable Transfer Line
AND DEALERS IN
CANON CITY COAL.
[illegible]

Denver & Rio Grande Railway Extensions.
1,000 Laborers wanted.
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
RIO GRANDE EXTENSION COMPANY,
COLORADO SPRINGS, COL., Dec. 10, 1879.
One thousand (1,000) men wanted to work on the construction of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway from Alamosa to Silverton and from Conejos to Albuquerque. Apply, for further information, to J. A. MCMURTRIE, Chief Engineer, Alamosa; D. C. DODGE, General Manager, Denver, or to the undersigned.
R. F. WEITBREC, Treasurer,
12 11 tf Colorado Springs, Colo.

Tie Cutters Wanted.
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
RIO GRANDE EXTENSION COMPANY,
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., Dec. 6, 1879.
Three hundred (300) tie choppers wanted to cut ties for the San Juan and New Mexico extension of the Denver & Rio Grande railway. Apply to Robert E. Sloan or to Calvin R. Hasted at the tie camp, south and west of Conejos. Further information can be had upon application to the undersigned.
R. F. WEITBREC, Treasurer.
12 6 tf

WANTED!
500 TEAMS.
TO haul cross ties from the tie camps along the line of the New Mexico & San Juan Extensions of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway. Prices ranging from one cent to one and one-half cents per tie per mile, according to distance hauled and character of road.
Apply to R. E. SLOAN,
Conejos, Colorado.
Or, Tres Piedras, New Mexico.

F. A. WESTON W. S. STRATTON.
Weston & Stratton,
ARCHITECTS
AND
Superintendents of Construction.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
Office opposite the new Opera House. P. O. Box 1745, Colorado Springs. h 21 tf.

The Daily Gazette!

PUBLISHED BY THE
GAZETTE PUBLISHING COMPANY,
IS
Issued Every Morning Except Monday

—IT CONTAINS
TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES, INTERESTING LOCAL NEWS,
And considerable space is daily devoted to
General State News.

Our Merchants and Business Men generally will find the columns of the DAILY GAZETTE
A VALUABLE ADVERTISING MEDIUM
Through which they can materially promote their business interests. Its circulation is increasing daily, and it is our aim by thorough solicitation to introduce it into every family in Colorado Springs.

The terms of subscription are as follows:

DAILY.

One year	$8 00
Six months	5 00
Three months	2 50
One month	1 00

THE WEEKLY.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE,
Published every Saturday Morning,
Is acknowledged by Professional Men, Business Men and Ranchmen to be the
BEST AND MOST READABLE WEEKLY PUBLISHED
IN THE STATE.

WE HAVE
REGULAR CORRESPONDENTS
IN NEARLY ALL OF THE
Important Mining Towns
Which, together with the daily gleanings from the mining columns of the State Dailies, help to make our issue an important one to those interested in Mining Affairs.

IT WILL CONTAIN ALL THE
The Latest Telegraphic and Political News
And more especially all important local, state and county news. Also carefully selected reading matter for the home circle. Its extended circulation throughout the whole county commends it to our business men as the best and only available method of introducing their business to the
RANCHMEN AND RESIDENTS OF EL PASO COUNTY.

THE PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION IS ONLY $2 00 PER ANNUM, POST-PAID
Which brings it within the reach of all persons desiring to impart information of the Centennial State to eastern friends who will find that the columns of the WEEKLY GAZETTE contains the best selected news of any weekly published in the state. Send them the paper for one year and thereby assist in developing this own section of the state.

The terms of subscription are as follows:

WEEKLY.

One year	$2 00
Six months	1 00
Three months	50
One month	20

The Gazette Publishing Company
HAVE THE
BEST EQUIPPED JOB DEPARTMENT in the STATE
and its facilities for doing first-class work are now better than ever before. We call attention to the fact that a new Job Press has recently been purchased, and that we are continually adding the latest styles of Job Type. Remember that we defy competition in prices, and that
Our Work will Always Bear Inspection
We are prepared to do the very best work at short notice. Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Statements, Envelopes, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, and Blanks of all descriptions. We invite you to see the latest novelties in tinted and Japanese Cards and stationery.
GIVE US A CALL BEFORE GOING ELSEWHERE

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THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 18 1880.

TIME TABLE.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

GOING EAST.

Leave Manitou	Arrive Colorado Springs
6 a. m	6 10 a. m.
11 a. m.	11 10 a. m.
3 40 p. m	3 p. m.
6 00 p. m	6 10 p. m
10 15 p. m	10 35 p. m.

GOING WEST.

Leave Colorado Springs	Arrive at Manitou.
10 a. m.	10 30 a. m.
11 50 a. m	12 10 p. m
3 40 p. m.	3 p. m.
6 40 p. m.	7 p. m.
11 05 p. m	11 25 p. m.

Denver and Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.	TRAINS GOING NORTH.
Through Freight.	*Way Freight.*
Arrive ....2 19 P. M	Arrive ....10:53 A. M
Leave ....2:55 P. M	Leave ....11:35 A. M
San Juan Express.	*San Juan Express.*
Arrive ....11:35 A. M	Arrive ....4:11 P. M
Leave ....11 55 A. M	Leave ....4:10 P. M
Pueblo Express	*Eastern Express.*
Arrive ....10 40 P. M	Arrive ....3 10 A. M
Leave ....10 50 P. M	Leave ....3 15 A. M

Through Tickets are sold to all principal points East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman Palace sleepers attached to night trains. Horton Reclining Chair Cars on day trains. Observation Cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canon.

For full information call on or address
J. M. ELLISON, Agent.

Legal Notices.

SCHEDULE OF ADVERTISING RATES.

Administrators notices four times	$5 00
Executors " "	5 00
Final Settlement " "	5 00
All other notices of the same kind and size " "	5 00
Additional insertions of same rates each time	1 25
Land notices, one party only	5 50
Land notices, for each party, after first in same notice	1 50

B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the Gazette.
ABE ROBERTS,
Proprietor of Mountaineer.

The republican primary is called to meet next Saturday.

The new college bell will be rung for the first time to-morrow afternoon.

The water will be shut off from 1 till 6 o'clock to day in that part of the city east of Weber street and south of Platt avenue; to make repairs.

The Indian squaw that guards the door-way to Wilson's cigar emporium is draped in mourning. As to the why and where fore of this strange proceeding enquire of McBlair.

Twenty-four pupils have been admitted to the Deaf Mute Institute, and there are fourteen or fifteen more to come. In case the number exceeds thirty-five an additional instructor will be employed by the board of trustees. The board intend purchasing a press and starting the Index again.

Mr. F. E. Robinson, the druggist appeared before Justice Stewart yesterday afternoon in answer to a charge preferred by City Marshall Beall, for the violation of the liquor ordinance. Owing to good and sufficient reasons the defendant was granted a continuance until Monday morning at nine o'clock.

Professor George Bartholomew gave last night an exhibition of the wonderful power which he commanded over the brute creation. As a horse trainer he is most certainly a success, for it is very seldom that a more thoroughly trained lot of horses are exhibited to the public. He has with him the same horses that won such celebrity in Castello's circus last spring.

Messrs. Town & Walker have leased the blacksmith shop formerly occupied by Mr. E. C. Bartlett on Huerfano street. Both members of the firm are known to be thoroughly competent workmen and it is their intention to carry on blacksmithing in all its branches. They will make a specialty of buggy and carriage repairing and in this especial branch they guarantee to do work that cannot be equaled in the city. We call our readers' attention to their advertisement in another column.

We had occasion yesterday to visit Mr. T. E. Hopkins' new photographic studio in the Wells & Prewitt block, and it is very seldom that one will find rooms better adapted to the work or more suitably arranged that Mr Hopkins' new quarters He has five apartments in suit the whole of which are handsomely furnished and well lighted. His operating room is large and spacious and the light is so arranged as to obtain the best effect in a picture. Mr. Hopkins has always ranked among the best photographers of the state and now that he has additional facilities it is expected that he will surpass his heretofore excellent reputation.

Grand and Petit Jurors.

Mr. William Starks, clerk of the district court has drawn the names of the jurors for the next term of Court, which opens the third week in October. The names of the jurors are as follows:

GRAND JURORS.

N. W. Bacon, A. H. Boyd, S. F. Bain, C. A. Eldridge, Thos. Wanless, W. D. Brown, D. D. Desmond, J. D. Shumate, Wm. Loney, E. C. Bartlett, Henry Teachout and H. Schwanbeck.

PETIT JURORS.

V. C. Lewis, Tho. L Brigham, Isaac Sewell, David Degraff, M L. DeCoursey, J. W. Ash, Chas. Behrens, George Aux, H. A. Crouch, W. R. Roby, Max Weniger, O. B Dunlap, Geo. Turney, Fred Ege, Chas. Elwell, Robert Watkins, H. W. Lamb, L. Bennett, S. M. Buzzard, John Wilson, Theodore Brown, Joel Roe, D. G. Lovell, M. M. Corbin.

Concerning Cattle.

We find the following in the Las Animas Leader: "Perkins & McKaskell, of Huerfano county, passed here yesterday with 400 head of mixed cattle, which they are driving to Barbour county, Kansas, on account of feed on the home range. They intend bringing out 400 more. Hammett & Hall, who some time last spring purchased the stock of Holman & Son at a stipulated price on delivery, lately made H. & Son a proposition to buy out ranches and stock as they found it for the round sum of $9,000, and the offer was accepted. This relieves H. & Son from gathering and turning over. G. W. Thompson, of Las Animas county, is gathering 1,000 beeves, three years old and upward, for delivery on contract to an eastern purchaser, at $25 per head. Sebree & Robinson Brothers, of Nine Mile, have purchased fifty picked cows with calves, of Theo Luning, of Trinidad, at $20 per head. Dowen Brothers' short-horn cow, "Lucy," dropped a fine, red bull calf on the 17th ult., by Grand Imp. Prince of Claro. They have a number of calves by this grand old bull, out of graded cows, and hope to breed all their pure bred heifers to him this year. George Allen, of Granada, is just in from Canadian, whither he went with the cattle of D. T. Beals. He says grass is very good in the Panhandle, and there will be an abundance of winter feed if the rain lets up."

Milton Nobles' Phoenix Combination

Milton Nobles will appear in Court House Hall next Friday and Saturday evenings, supported by a first class company. Mr. Nobles will appear in the Phœnix and in the Man of the People. He opened his season at Nible's Garden, New York, and dedicated last week, the new Grand opera house in St. Louis. He also dedicated the new theatre at Topeka last evening. He is now on a trip to the Pacific coast. Among the many kindly comments of the press we select the following from the Boston Post:

"The Phœnix" is a typical American drama, by Milton Nobles, and a better specimen it would be hard to find, and a more accomplished interpreter of the leading role than Mr. Nobles it would be equally difficult to discover. The play is one of those in which villainy seems to flourish at the expense of virtue until hope for a little judicious murdering is so long deferred that the heart is well nigh sick It is a credit to this excellent play that even the chief sinner in it is fascinating from his meanness. Mr. Noble assumes the role of the hero, carrying him as Carroll Graves through the fire and scheming of a startling prologue with wonderful fidelity, and touches of real humor and genuine pathos, uniquely blended; and afterwards in a resurrected form, as Jim Bludso. "The Phœnix" gives us some intensely realistic acting. The supporting company is excellent, and the scenery unusually good. The gambling scene in the second act was wonderfully natural, and the fire scene which terminates the prologue is intensely realistic.

Personal.

Mr. H H. Allen, of Beloit, Wisconsin, is at the National.

Mr. A. J. Bletso returned from a short visit to Kansas City yesterday.

Mr. A. B. Jefferay, of Leadville, is spending a few days in the city.

Mr. Will. N. Caldwell has accepted a position as local reporter on the Capital City.

Mr. R. S. Wires, business manager of Milton Noble's Comedy company, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. M. C. Wilbur returned yesterday after spending several weeks visiting friends in the eastern states.

Messrs J. M. Harvey, of Leadville, Henry A. Prizer, Crested Butte, and John Crouch, of St. Louis, are registered at the National.

Charles A Clark formerly connected with the Denver & Rio Grande auditor's office, arrived in the city yesterday to take a position in the auditor's office.

Mr. George Fechter, who for some time past has been engaged in the merchant tailoring business on Pike's Peak avenue left yesterday for Alma, Kansas, where he will carry on the same business.

Quite a distinguished party arrived from Denver on the Leadville express last evening. They are some of the members of the Forney excursion which was organized in Philadelphia to visit Kansas exposition which is now in progress at Bismarck Grove near Lawrence. The party are as follows: Messrs. Alex P. Brown, E. G. Carlile, W. M. Franklin, W. W. Rasule, J H. Borland, C. Ailham, J. B Warfull, and P. S. Rush. They will spend the day visiting various points of interest in the vicinity and leave for Leadville on the express to night.

At the Congregational church to morrow morning the pastor will preach and will resume the practice of giving the children a five minutes sermon before the longer sermon." In the evening there will be a service of song interspersed with brief addresses by different persons.

Miss Montgomery & Co are the successors to the late firm of Misses Montgomery & Thompson, who formerly carried on a millinery establishment over Messrs. Giddings & Stillman's store. In the future they can be found on the north side of Pike's Peak avenue, three doors east of Tejon street, where they would be pleased to see all their old patrons. They have fitted up their new store in a very attractive manner and will no doubt command their share of the millinery trade.

Continued from First Page.

in congress. This is another tradition of the party.

Coming down still farther we come to the Homestead act. It was introduced by a republican, G. A. Grow, of Pennsylvania. It provided that any citizen of 21 years of age and upwards might take 160 acres of the national domain and make for himself a home. This was opposed by the democrats in the house. It went to the senate and was called up by Ben Wade. But the democratic senate voted to take up a bill to annex Cuba instead, a bill to extend slavery. This is another tradition to which the democratic party just pledged itself.

We now come down to 1861, when the flag at Fort Sumter was fired on, and southern senators and representatives in congress were going south to attend conventions to pass ordinances of secession. It was then that a democratic representative declared that while it was wrong to secede there was no power to coerce the seceding states. Had this doctrine been carried out our country to-night would have been divided. Yet the democratic party has just pledged itself anew to this doctrine

Still later we come down to the time when the gold and silver in the treasury was exhausted and money must be had to buy food for our brave soldiers in the field: Lincoln, our grandest American statesman [great cheering and applause], and his grand cabinet, said that paper notes of the government, afterwards redeemable in gold and silver, should be issued to keep our soldiers from starving and prosecute the war. What did the democrats do? Pendleton said it was unconstitutional. Hendrick B. Wright, the great greenbacker, did the same, though the life of the nation demanded it. Afterwards, at a time when paper money was not necessary, they declared it should be the only currency of the country. This is another tradition of the party to which the party is pledged anew.

In 1864 when our soldiers were marching from the Rapidan to the front of Petersburg, when our soldiers were offering up their lives by the thousands on the thousands on the altar of liberty, when our grand old soldier and commander had sent back word, "we will fight it out on this line if it takes all summer," the democratic party met at Chicago and declared the war a failure, and demanded a cessation of hostilities. This recreant, traitor party declared that the lives of the thousands of our brave soldiers who had fallen were sacrificed in vain. In that convention democratic statesmen called our soldiers Lincoln's hirelings. This is another tradition.

In 1868, after the reconstruction acts had been passed and the south had come back in a professed repentant condition, the democratic national committee declared these reconstruction acts unconstitutional, null and void. Frank Blair was nominated for vice president, and received his nomination because a few days before he had written the famous Broadhead letter, in which he said the war legislation must be swept from the statute books, even if by force. These acts consisted of the three consitutional amendments. Still later, in 1870, a resolution introduced in the house of representatives, declaring the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth constitutional amendments a part of the law of the land, passed with 138 ayes, of which 4 were democrats, and 32 nays, all democrats!

Still later in February, 1872, a similar resolution passed with 124 ayes of which 8 were democrats, and 58 nays, all democrats. Only five months afterwards at Baltimore, they declared these amendments inviolate. They had no principle and thought they might get into power. They adopted the liberal candidate who had "cussed" the party more than any man then living, thinking they were jumping on a ship which would take them into power. They swallowed the liberal platform which was diametrically opposed to all their votes in congress and party platforms for ten years. This is a part of the democratic tradition. But it is futile to examine all the inconsistencies of the democratic party. There is not a side of any political question that the democratic party has not taken. It never has even proposed a whole some doctrine that it did not steal from the republican party. It has had no principles and has fought for no great issues. It is and has been simply a concentrated desire for spoils.

There is one other subject I wish to discuss before I close, that is the special session of congress. The rebel brigadiers endeavored to repeal two sections of our statutes, one providing for deputy marshals at the polls and the other for troops at the polls. The later measure was introduced by a democrat, Senator Powell, of Virginia. The object was to protect returned rebel soldiers to the border states at the polls from violence on the part of loyalists. It was supported by Fernando Wood, Sam Randall, S. S. Cox and all the democrats in congress. It was opposed by Garfield among others. But after Andy Johnson had swung around the circle, there was no need of protection for the rebels, and the law was used to protect the blacks in the rights they had under the constitution. Then the democrats, obtaining control of the legislative branch, endeavored to secure the repeal of this section by means of a rider to an appropriation bill. They declared unless this rider was adopted, there should be no appropriation. The army might starve, and the criminals might be turned loose. Joe Blackburn, whose brother was recently elected governor of Kentucky because he endeavored to spread small pox and yellow fever through the north, said, "We do not intend to stop until we have stricken the last vestige of war legislation from the statute books." Others said the same. We won't vote "your government," not ours, supplies unless this is done, they said. They claimed the troops at the polls interfered with its freedom, but it was a mere pretext. In the thirteen southern states there were only 1,155 soldiers. There were none in Delaware, West Virginia, Tennessee, Kentucky or Missouri; 142 in Maryland, 242 in Virginia at Fortress Monroe, 30 in North Carolina, 29 in Georgia, 182 in Florida at the navy yard, 54 in Alabama and none in Texas except to protect the border against Mexicans and Indians. The average was five soldiers for each county It was absurd to speak of 15 000 000 being robbed of their freedom by 1,153 soldiers. Bear in mind what those few soldiers were doing. They were to afford such protection as they could to the colored voter who was going through torture, blood and torment in his attempt to exercise his rights as an American citizen. The democratic party would not allow the use of the army to protect the negro in his rights as guaranteed in the constitution, but they have allowed it to enslave him On the 18th of February, 1851, President Fillmore ordered the entire military force of the government to capture a poor slave who had gone to Boston, the cradle of liberty, for that priceless possession, his freedom. Later another negro named Burns arrived in Boston, with bloody feet and striped back, hoping to take from there the underground railroad to Canada. But this time Franklin Pierce ordered the military force to assist the civil in arresting him and depriving him of the sacred right of liberty. The whole democratic party looked on and cried "Bravo!" They applaud the use of the army to enslave a man, but deprecate its use to secure to a poor man his rights.

This is the great issue of the campaign and one before which all others sink into insignificance. I saw the colored men die for their country on the 16th of June, 1864 when they led a forlorn hope against the breastworks of Petersburg I remember the 30th of July, 1864, in front of Petersburg, when they sacrificed their lives for their country so freely that one could have walked over the field on the dead bodies of gallant black men without touching the soil. The American government ought to be strong enough to protect such men in their rights. Not to do this is to make national authority and our boasted liberty a mockery and the black men worse than slaves.

The issues and the candidates are before you. Hancock represents the party of oppression. He is essentially an autocrat from his training. Garfield is the typical American who knows what it is to fight his way up from poverty. If a poor man calls on him at the White House he can talk with him and appreciate his wants He sympathises with oppression in every form and every where. This is the land of the free, the home of the brave, and a shelter for the oppressed. If you want a man as president in full sympathy with this elect, James A. Garfield. [Great applause].

Charles Reddy, whom it will be remembered figured so conspicuously in the shooting scrape back of Pascoe's hotel some two weeks ago, was arraigned before Justice Bently yesterday morning, charged with intent to kill. Three witnesses were introduced, who swore that he shot at Captain Graves, and that it was evidently his intention to hit the mark. He was bound over in the sum of $1 000 to appear at the next term of the district court. In default of bail he was remanded to the county jail.

Hotel Arrivals.

NATIONAL L Wood, Miss L Ball, A S Wires, New York; J M Harvey, A B Jefferay, D J Swinnery, Leadville; Chauncey Curtis, Denver; John Crouch, St. Louis; P M Morgan, Sedgwick City, Kansas, W H Allen, Beloit, Wisconsin; Henry A Prizer, Crested Butte; S Allen, Divide; L C Morgan, Ranch; G H Scott, D & R G R R.

Business Locals.

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

Nubias, Hoods, Knit Jackets, Scarfs, Shawls, &c. New Goods at popular prices at Weatherby Bros. j 14 tf.

Don't forget that you can get first class rigs at Stevens & Rouse's stable at lower rates than any place in town. f 16 tf

RIFLES, SHOT-GUNS, PISTOLS and ammunition at Durkee & Lee's. e 14 tf

Open Carriages, Top Carriages, either single or double, with side bars, and end springs or platform springs. A fine and varied assortment at G. S. Barnes'. g 28 tf.

New Calicos at Weatherby Bros. j 14 tf.

A. Allen, manufacturing jeweler. Headquarters for native stones and jewelry. g 7 tf

Competition is the life of trade at least so say J. G Warner, for he will in a few days expose for sale a large quantity of the best selected eastern lumber on the corner of Pike's Peak and Nevada avenues.

For bargains in dry goods, carpets and notions go to No. 11 Tejon street, Monk & Ingalsbe. j 4 tf

SEIDENBERG'S CHEROOTS. Guaranteed all Havana tobacco 5 cents each, at Wilson's. j 17 tf

The "Rob Roy," the best 5 cent cigar in Colorado, can be found at Everleth & Taylor's. e 27 tf.

Just received, full lines of Ladies, Gents, Misses and Boys Woolen Hose at Weatherby Bros. j 14 tf.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The adjourned annual general meeting of the stockholders of the Colorado Springs Gas and Coke company for the election of Trustees and other business will be held at the office of D. Russ Wood on the second day of October, 1880, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. D. Russ Wood, president, A. S. Welch, secretary. j 2 30

Bob Krague, the sign writer, can be found at No 48 Pike's Peak avenue, and all those desiring work in his line will do well to consult him before going elsewhere. j 8 tf

Buy your clothing at the Parlor Clothing Store. j 14 tf

Export Bottled Beer, $11.50 per barrel; $3.50 per keg; $1.25 per dozen; 10d. pints or 6 d quarts. F. Herman, Manitou, Col. 8 29 tf

Try Bush's Ginger Snaps. You will find them the best in the market, and always fresh, in the Post Office Block. f 6 tf

Fine boots and shoes made and repaired at the Parlor Clothing Store. j 14 tf

Large assortment of Gents Overshirts, at Weatherby Bros. j 14 tf.

Go to Everleth & Taylor's for a full line of Kennedy's crackers. e 27 tf

BOOTS AND SHOES.

When in need of boots and shoes you will find that you can save money by calling at my store. D. W. Robbins. j 14 tf

"Marquis" (all tobacco) and Lorrillard's "Drawing Room Cigarettes at Wilson's. j 17 tf

C. O. Parker's Oil Truck. It is the Boss. j 17 tf

MINING AND CAMPING OUTFITS at Durkee & Lee's. e 14 tf

Converse, licensed pawnbroker.

Go to Stevens & Rouse for double carriages, single buggies, and saddle ponies, first class and rates low, Tejon street. f 16 tf

Buck Gloves cheap at Weatherby Bros. j 14 tf.

ARTISTIC WALL PAPERS, SHADE GOODS AND FIXTURES, PAINTING, PAPER HANGING AND CALCIMINING AT BROWN'S, TEJON STREET. g 27 tf

Champion Mowers and Reapers, the best made. Hollingsworth and Coates' Rakes excel all others. Full supply of repairs for Champion machines at G. S. Barnes'. g 28 tf.

Railroad tickets bought and sold by Wallace & Wilson. j 18 tf

HATS AND GLOVES.

I have the largest and finest stock of hats and caps in southern Colorado. D. W. Robbins. j 14 tf

All sewing machine needles 50 cts. per doz. at Converse & Co.'s. j 17 tf

Clouded Shirts and Drawers the best article ever sold for the money at Weatherby Bros. j 14 tf.

If you want anything in fancy or staple groceries, go to Everleth & Taylor's. e 27 tf.

A large stock of trunks and valises can be seen at the Parlor Clothing Store. j 14 tf

You can find curried oysters, curried fowl and boned turkey at Everleth & Taylor's. e 27 tf.

F J. Loper, Denver, manufacturer of Vinegars and wholesale Ciders. g28 2m*

Fine teas and coffees a specialty at Everleth & Taylor's. e 27 tf

The finest line of gents' furnishing goods in Colorado can be bought at the Parlor Clothing Store. j 14 tf

Second hand goods bought and sold by Pratt & Neal, Huerfano street, two doors west of Brigham & Johnson's. j 14 tf.

Fine watch work solicited at Allen's. g 7 tf

Mustard and spiced sardines at Everleth & Taylor's. e 27 tf.

TENTS and wagon covers at Durkee & Lee's. e 14 tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE. We have 400 Mexican ewes that we will sell very cheap. Merriam & Lund, Bijou Basin, Colo. h 27 tf

FOR SALE At five cents each, large cards, bearing "For Rent," "For Sale," "Boarding," "Furnished Rooms for Rent," "Rooms for Rent," "Sewing," and "Dress-making."

FOR SALE A first class phaeton, nearly new, at Wilbur & Hundley's. h 19 tf

FOR SALE.—A few shares in two prospecting companies. Skillful prospectors in field Address Box 456, P. O. f 8 tf.

WANTED.

WANTED—A situation by a young lady of some experience, in a dressmaking or millinery shop. For information address L. B., Box 35 j 18 4*

WANTED A few boarders J H Woodgate, Shoe Store, Tejon St. j17tf

WANTED.—A few persons can be accommodated during the winter at the Iron Springs Hotel, Manitou, with first-class rooms and family table. Rates, $8 to $9 per week. j 17 tf

WANTED—To exchange brick and lumber for a span of mules or horses. Enquire of E. C Bartlett. j 16 3

WANTED—Men to work in the woods at Manitou Park. Apply to B. A. Fessenden at lumber side track near crossing of Garden of the Gods road, Manitou. j 15 5

WANTED At Glen Eyrie, two strong laboring men, accustomed to digging, grubbing and hard work. Apply to Mr Weigand on the premises. j 14 tf

WANTED.—I have a GOOD ASSORTMENT Cook Stoves and trimmings for sale at VERY LOW PRICES. Please call at my residence add see them and satisfy yourself. M. A. Ozman, North Nevada avenue. j 14 6

WANTED.—To exchange a lot of pure Concord wine for a horse and phaeton Enquire at this office. j 1 tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT. One large front room; size 18 by 23. Enquire of D. W. Robbins. j 14 tf

FOR RENT.—Good pasturage on reasonable terms. Address Lock Box 1800 Colorado Springs. h 26 tf

FOR RENT —The second floor of No. 56 Pike's Peak avenue, containing six rooms and a bath room. Enquire of J. H. Drinkwater. j 10 tf

FOR RENT.—From the 1st of October, a five roomed furnished cottage, with nice cellar and hydrant water. Opposite the post office, Manitou. For terms, apply to the Manitou post office. j 3 1m

FOR RENT.—Pleasant, sunny, furnished rooms, Cor. Kiowa and Wahsatch. h 27 tf

LOST.

LOST—Between Colorado Springs and Manitou, on Tuesday at noon, a black purse containing from thirty to fifty dollars A suitable reward will be given if returned to the Manitou House. j 16 3

WM. SCOTT,

Practical Plumber, Gas and Steam Fitter in all Branches.

Jobbing with Neatness and Dispatch.

At the old office of the Colorado Springs Company, No. 41 South Tejon street. a 26 tf

M. L. DeCOURSEY'S Real Estate COLUMN.

SPECIAL.

FOR SALE.

Hay Ranch and Farm of 1295 acres, south of and adjoining Colorado Springs All fenced. Will cut 140 tons hay, or much more if properly cared for, 20 acres in alfalfa, doing well, expect to thresh 1000 bushels of wheat this year; contains some of the most desirable land for garden purposes in the Fountain Valley, and its proximity to market makes it especially valuable; possesses private ditch and water rights, springs of pure water; good house of 8 rooms, stable, corral, wagons, farming tools and utensils, 20 head horses and colts. Owner must devote his attention to mining interests and will sell out VERY CHEAP.

A 20 acre garden tract north part of town, directly under big ditch, partly fenced; has been cultivated; with house of 4 rooms, stone foundation. A splendid bit of ground—for a fruit farm, and *a bargain at $1,500*, or will trade for city property.

The Empire House, on the corner of Huerfano St. and Cascade avenue: lot 50x150 feet, with good two story brick hotel building, wide porch along front of ground and second floors; contains 25 bed rooms, 35 bedsteads and wool mattresses. Dining room will seat 60 people. Nice office and wash rooms and ladies' parlor; laundry, coal house, meat house, cellar, pantries, stable, etc. Rooms are all carpeted. The house is full of guests and doing a well paying business. Will be sold completely furnished for business, and possession given at once. *I can offer this desirable property at a bargain.*

The handsome property northeast corner St. Vrain and Cascade avenue, formerly the residence of Colonel W. T. Holt, comprising a two story house of ten rooms, wide halls, and large closets. Also laundry with two rooms and fixed wash tubs. Also two story stable for eight horses and large carriage house with coachman's room well finished. The lot in which this establishment is set is 150x190 feet, nicely fenced, lovely lawn, and over 200 shade trees. City water in house and on lot.

Ranch of 160 acres, all fenced; will cut 50 tons of hay; good water and plenty of it, range for 10,000 sheep; new house of 3 rooms; granary, ice house, stable, corral, sheds, stock yards. House is 400 yards from railroad station, telegraph office, postoffice and school house. Owner will sell for value of improvements. This is a bargain.

Splendid sheep ranch of 640 acres of deeded land, ten miles northeast of Colorado Springs: 200 acres fenced. Can cut 20 tons of hay yearly. Fine range. Good frame house, plastered and papered, of 3 rooms and pantry. Barn, corral, sheds, spring and creek water. *This is an opportunity not often met with of acquiring a valuable sheep ranch near the city.*

The *Junction House* property at the head of Ute Pass, ten miles above Manitou, and at the the point where the Leadville, South Park, Fairplay, Summit Park, and Manitou Park roads turn into the Ute Pass road, consisting of 160 acres of land, 2½ miles of post fence; frame hotel of 12 rooms with 85 feet of porch, well finished inside and out; wood house, milk house and cellar, all under same roof as hotel building; large yard with 120 feet of good picket fence in front; two large open fire places in hotel; also stabling for 18 span of horses; loft holds 5 tons of hay; granary 10x28 feet; ice house holding 100 tons with pond near to it with capacity for cutting 200 tons; hennery 16x25 feet; log camp house 16x20 feet; calf house 14x24 feet; five corrals with sheds; good well near stable; spring near house; stream of water runs through the property; eighteen acres under cultivation; good range for cattle. This is the best stopping place in the mountains, and an energetic man can make a good thing out of it. The present owner is getting old and wishes to retire from active business.

FOR RENT.

Furnished house belonging to Col. De La Vergne, just south of town, and south of his own residence, with seven large rooms, five closets and a pantry, two porches, pump on back porch; also access to and use of the celebrated De La Vergne spring. Blinds to all windows and all windows weighted. Rooms nicely carpeted. Stable for two horses and carriage, and room for 3 tons of hay. Coal house and spacious grounds. Will rent till June 1st, 1881, at $30 a month.

Unfurnished house of 5 rooms, pantry and 2 closets. City water in house. Lot 50 by 190, on Wahsatch avenue below Cucharas street, facing east. $20 a month.

House of 5 rooms and 3 acres of ground, $15 a month.

3 Rooms and Kitchen, nicely furnished for housekeeping—first-class location. $30 00 per month.

Two large communicating rooms, with folding doors, freshly painted and papered; with closets. First class location for Doctor's or Lawyer's offices. $15 a month.

Very pretty and beautifully furnished Cottage on No. Weber street, 5 rooms, cellar, city water, lawn and trees. $50 a month.

Furnished house of 10 rooms on corner lot on Cascade avenue. Laundry, large stable, lovely lawn and fine shade trees. Unsurpassed mountain view. $100 a month.

A 12 acre pasture field, fenced, just below town, with water running through it.

I have for sale ***CHOICE TOWN LOTS, HOUSES, and LARGE and SMALL GARDEN TRACTS.***

INSURANCE AT LOWEST RATES

For information upon above and other properties, apply to

M. L. DeCoursey,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

TEJON ST., NEXT EL PASO COUNTY BANK.

No. 688

TELE

Summary

Disastrous

Letter of

Butler Ex groe

Latest Re

Maud S.

Denver, Se county democra nom nate the County Judge. J So ruer and A H Allen, Fire H gut, R. M S Johnson; co John J Brewer Whitley; const The democra large mass meet speakers at the Palmer and Mr.

GEN

Las Vegas, A fire broke out m One whole business portion troyed. Fortun the removal of nothing to work mission houses afterwards Selle A. T. & S. F. r they were finally vailed and cons crowd was large not what to do. houses destroyed hard ball, Marb saddle shop, Ma Wesche's branch store, Halz ware house, Rosenthal's house, Mackley Rupe & Castle Marcus' store, w kept, Rathbon house, a barbe saloon and a m A large amou goods were pile destroyed by fir The Boston clo insurance of $6 over $4 000. N were heavily in reach $300,000. are rendered taken to provide

Butler

Pittsburg, I jamin F. Butler arrived in this their headquart About 3 o'clock ex deputy sheri other colored m Mr Carson wa speech stated th respect to one o factor to their the merit of pu fate and future Butler said he conceived to be begun for the cause, as all wo mation of Presi out to retake o in property wh After reviewing he continued: war I have act hopes they wou colored men in to be done. I but it was not 1876 to have th the platform an be done. Wh first act of to turn over and South Caro were republican votes, else H that was a fact is democrats,

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